GLOBALIZATION AND THE CHALLENGES OF SUSTAINING DEVELOPMENT:

Solomon Islands Rural Villagers' Experience David Gegeo Pacific Studies University of Canterbury

Expressed gratitude to:

- Dr. Regina Scheyvens
- Kees Keizer
- Dr. Maria Borovnik
- Dr. Rochelle Stewart-Withers
- Marlene Ryan
- Sarah Siebert
- Massey University
- **DevNet**

TWO DIAMETRICAL PARADIGMS

- Modernization (1940s/50s)
 - -- metro-centre vision
 - -- top-down / centre-periphery

- Development (1960s)
 - -- counter-hegemonic vision
 - -- bottom-up / people-oriented
 - -- student political activism

DEVELOPMENT PARADIGM / THEORY

- Village/community Development
- Rural Development
- Grass-roots Development
- People-First/Oriented Dev't
- Transformative Development
- Development for Empowerment
- Sustainable Development

- Conjures images/sense of movement, dynamism, active social engagement /participation
- Symbiotic / mutual relationship
- People make development happen
- Development <u>makes</u> people <u>make</u> development happen
- Reciprocity

- What does it mean?
- Possible in period of rapid globalization?
- Better communication?
- Careful use of resources?
- Greater sharing of resources?
- Improved mass education?
- Greater diasporic movement?

- Greater integration of <u>disparate</u> knowledge systems?
- More bottom-up and less topdown planning?
- Empowerment from within?
- Greater race/gender equality?
- <u>Reduced</u> resource-consumption philosophy?

- Settlement of <u>age-old</u> differences between modernization and development paradigms?
- Extraction and integration of <u>best</u> from modernization and development?
- Replacement of <u>primordiality</u> with <u>modernity</u>?

For 3rd/4th world countries only and so their responsibility?

Or metropolis also?

- I believe it's for both.
- ▶ Remember what globalization folks say? ☺ ☺

KWARA'AE DATA (Solomon Islands)

KWARA'AE RESEARCH (SI)

To be sustainable, dev't must be firmly anchored in /guided by a holistic /embracive orientation.

People themselves; knowledgebase; cultural practices; purpose in life; empowerment; intensions; motivation; group orientation, etc

Four (philosophical) entities:

- 1) Mango (breath/spirit/soul)
- 2) Ru'uru'u (philosophical heart)
- 3) Manata'i ngwae (mind)
- 4) <u>Sai'iru'anga</u> (knowledge)

Seat of all Kwara'e human actions / behaviours and practical outcomes

<u>Mango</u>:

- Breathe/ breath
- Ultimate source of <u>being alive</u> (*mauri*), <u>living</u> (*mauri'anga*), and <u>life</u> (*mauri'a*)
- Exists with equal <u>power/efficacy/</u> <u>vitality</u> both in <u>life</u> and in <u>death</u> (<u>maurimauri talau</u>)

- Persistence, consistence, lasting, on-going, perseverance, continuity, sustainability, etc
- Anything required to exist / be carried out in accord with these qualities/characteristics must be anchored in (*labu to'o ana*) mango

Ru'uru'u:

- Philosophical heart
- Seat /depository of <u>refined</u> emotions/intensions
- Seat of <u>polished</u> thinking
- Delicacy, humility, peacefulness, gentleness, sophistication, charisma, spirituality, etc

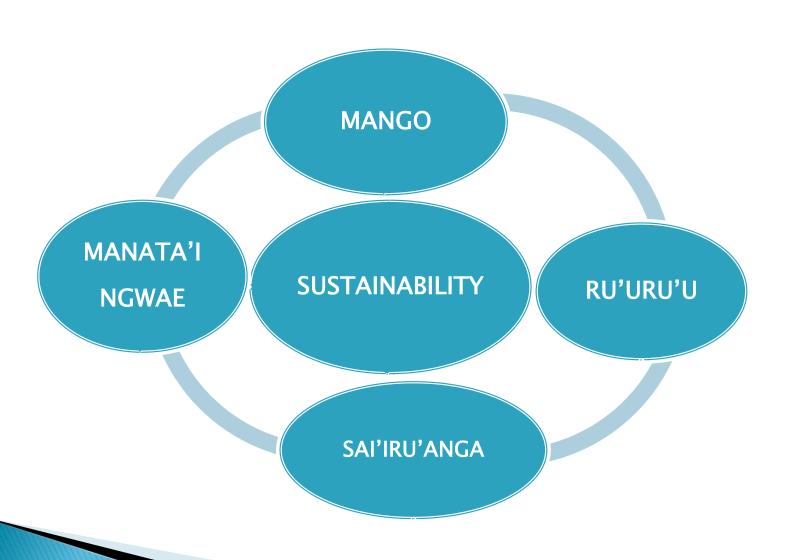
<u>Manata'i Ngwae</u>

- Mind (also means thought)
- Engine of <u>activity</u> of <u>thinking</u>
- Confluence of personal and social world interaction/dialogue
- Place where <u>raw</u> data from social world is refined/analysed
- Good kept; rubbish discarded

Sai'iru'anga:

- Sai = know; <u>ru</u> = thing; '<u>anga</u> = state / condition (knowing things)
- **KNOWLEDGE:**
- Information/data from social world refined by minds and kept as good stuff (in memory/text) to inform behaviour/social practice

FOUR PILLARS OF SUSTAINABILITY



FOUR PILLARS OF SUSTAINABILITY

- Exist in <u>symbiotic</u> relationship
- Flaw in one <u>causes imbalance</u> in system
- Ru'uru'u, manata'i ngwae and sai'iru'anga <u>prone to flaw</u>
- E.g, ru'uru'u rodo'a = dark heart
- Mango is sealed from flaw

Sustainable Development requires:

- Group/community collective social engagement
- Inter-dependence
- Egalitarian philosophy
- Nuclear family =>extended family
- Village =>tribe =>community =>
- Island (=> country)

- Growth in HSD is not linear but rather circular
- Rippling-effect view
- Theory/view based on cultural lived-experience
- Gardening expands not in linear direction but circular direction
- Determined by <u>mixed-cropping</u> and land-scape

- Sustainable Development is punctuated by/alternates between periods of <u>visibility</u> and <u>invisibility</u>
- Periods of <u>activity</u> and <u>inactivity</u>
- Rongorongo (being heard) and anoano (enfleshed silence)
- Necessary/inevitable (even though frowned upon)

- Anoano (enfleshed silence) period is important practice in indigenous agriculture
- A plot of land was left fallow for 10/15 years to rejuvenate itself before being used again
- Crops raised on old plot of land might not grow well on new land

- A family famous for raising firstrate kakamo (swamp taro) or big healthy kumara might no longer be so famous due to their land being left fallow to rejuvenate
- It would be a down-cycle for the family's fame, of course!
- But a choice required by nature

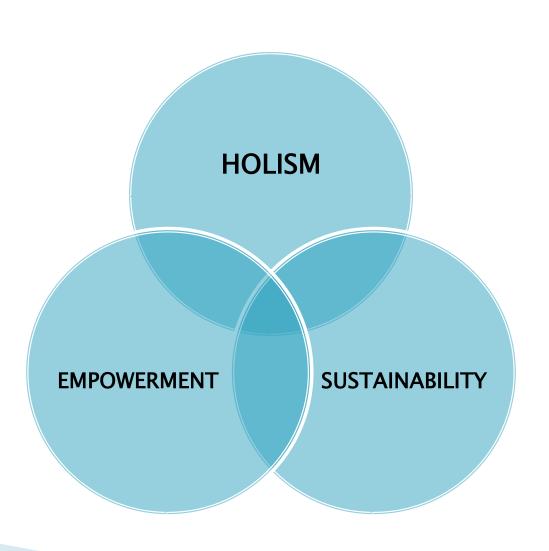
- Anoano period was/is research time
- <u>Lulu lia'a faolo</u> = seek new visions
- Attend village meetings
- Observe activities / projects
- Spend time improving skills
- Trips to urban centres
- Employment in cash economy

- After a few years family returns to use plot of land left fallow maybe for different crops or project
- Cattle
- Piggery, poultry, trade store, bakery
- Cocoa, coconut plantation, etc

- Anoano period does not mean lack or failure of sustainability
- It's a time of change <u>agreed upon</u> both by <u>nature</u> and <u>people</u>
- Sometimes for the better, sometimes perhaps for the worse
- Happens in metropolis too!!
- E.g. change jobs; surgery, etc

- Where did Kwara'ae learn all this from?
- From the indigenous mode of production handed passed on to them by their ancestors and has <u>sustained</u> them for centuries
- No system could be more sustainable!

- Empowerment
- Holism
- Sustainability
- ____
- Co-exist
- Symbiotic Relation



TO CONCLUDE

- Ancient system of indigenous knowledge can be drawn upon to inform projects in sustainable development
- Sadly, for most part this has been disregarded and disrespected as no longer having value

TO CONCLUDE

- Accusations of romanticising a past that never existed
- Same people complain about the intrusive and corrosive impacts of new changes e.g., damage to their land by TNC logging and mining companies, etc
- Ngwae fanoa and ngwae dao alike