
Examining Development Change through a lens of Complexity: Sector Wide Approaches in Pacific Education



Hilary Tolley
Centre for Development Studies / Faculty of Education
University of Auckland
tolley@ihug.co.nz

Outline & Introduction



- Orthodox approach to development – better aid agenda & results based management frameworks
 - Complexity perspectives
 - Education SWAPs in Solomon Islands and Tonga
 - Re-visioning aid effectiveness & development
-

Better aid agenda & results based management (RBM) frameworks



- Harmonisation
 - Partnership & mutual accountability
 - Ownership
 - Alignment with local processes
 - Managing for results
- = Sector wide approaches + RBM frameworks
-

Complexity Perspectives



View development as a

COMPLEX ADAPTIVE SYSTEM

– a “messy reality” - agents react ,
adapt and co-evolve and
unpredictable non-linear change
emerges

– sensitive to initial conditions and
responsive to inherent energy

How is a Complexity Perspective useful in Development?



- Seeks to understand the dynamics of change and develop capability to know how and where to influence the direction of change
-

Case Studies

Solomon Islands

- Pop: 550,000; Melanesian
- Geographically, culturally & linguistically diverse >80 languages. 342/992 islands inhabited
- 80% rural subsistence; 60% communities >200
- “Post-conflict state” - Tensions 1998-03
- 1st SWAp in Pacific – SIG/NZAID/EU, 2003-4
- Low education indicators

Tonga

- Pop: 100,000; Polynesian, 98% Tongan
- 70% live on Tongatapu. 4 main island gps. 36/150 islands inhabited
- monarchy for over 1000yrs; strong hierarchical social structure
- Civil unrest 2005-6 – “fragile state”
- 2nd Pacific SWAP GOT/NZAID/WB, 2004-5
- High education indicators
Mature education ministry

Applying notions of Complexity to Case Study SWAp experiences



- The degree of connectivity identified in each system
 - Importance of influence of the ‘whole’ context - sensitivity to initial conditions
 - The extent to which ‘space of the possible’ was acknowledged – provision of a ‘safe’ place for innovation and exploration; whether experimentation is resisted, tolerated or encouraged
-

Re-visioning aid effectiveness & development



- Development = Complex Adaptive System: change *evolves* from behaviour of whole system
- Aspirations should not be confused with what is achievable: pay attention to what actually happens than what should have happened
- Real time learning: pay attention to feedback loops to enhance/dampen certain effects
- Learn how to *nudge* change in desired direction



Thank You